Package: truncAIPW (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Doubly Robust Estimation under Covariate-Induced Dependent Left Truncation

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Description Doubly robust estimation for the mean of an arbitrarily transformed survival time under covariate-induced dependent left truncation and noninformative right censoring. The functions truncAIPW(), truncAIPW_cen1(), and truncAIPW_cen2() compute the doubly robust estimators under the scenario without censoring and the two censoring scenarios, respectively. The package also contains three simulated data sets 'simu', 'simu_c1', and 'simu_c2', which are used to illustrate the usage of the functions in this package. Reference: Wang, Y., Ying, A., Xu, R. (2022) ``Doubly robust estimation under covariate-induced dependent left truncation" <arXiv:2208.06836>.

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F_est

Estimate the Conditional CDF of the Event Time given Covariates

Description

Estimate the conditional cumulative distribution function (CDF) of the event time given covariates evaluated at given time points. The options implemented in this function are: Cox proportional hazards regression using function coxph() from R package 'survival', and the hazard model with penalized splines using function survPen() from R package 'survival'.

Usage

```
F_est(
   dat.fit,
   dat.est = dat.fit,
   time.eval,
   model,
   time.name,
   Q.name,
   event.name,
   cov.names,
   trim = 0,
   formula.survPen = NA
)
```

Arguments

dat.fit	data frame that is used to fit the model for the full data conditional distribution of the event time given the covariates.
dat.est	data frame that contains the subjects for which the estimated conditional CDF is computed.
time.eval	vector of time points at which the conditional CDF is evaluated.

model	method used to estimate the conditional CDF. The options available are "Cox" and "spline", corresponding to Cox proportional hazards regression using function coxph() from R package 'survival', and the hazard model with penalized splines using function survPen() from R package 'survPen', respectively.	
time.name	name of the event time variable.	
Q.name	name of the left truncation time variable.	
event.name	name of the event indicator.	
cov.names	vector of the names of covariates.	
trim	constant for bounding the estimated conditional CDF from 1.	
formula.survPen		
	the formula when applying the hazard model with penalized splines imple- mented in survPen::survPen.	

Value

F_est() returns a matrix of the estimated conditional CDF for subjects in 'data.est' evaluated at the time points in the vector 'time.eval'. Each row corresponds to a subject and each column corresponds to a time point. The column names of the matrix are the times in 'time.eval'.

See Also

G_est

Examples

```
data("simu")
u = c(1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4)
Fuz.mx = F_est(simu, simu[1:10,], u, "Cox", "time", "Q", "delta", c("Z1","Z2"))
```

Estimate the Conditional CDF for the Left Truncation Time given Co-variates

Description

Estimate the conditional cumulative distribution function (CDF) of the left truncation time given covariates evaluated at given time points. The options implemented in this function are: Cox proportional hazards regression using function coxph() from R package 'survival', and the hazard model with penalized splines using function survPen() from R package 'survPen'.

Usage

```
G_est(
    dat.fit,
    dat.est = dat.fit,
    time.eval,
    model,
    time.name,
    Q.name,
    event.name,
    cov.names,
    trim = 0,
    weights = rep(1, nrow(dat.fit)),
    formula.survPen = NA
)
```

Arguments

dat.fit	data frame that is used to fit the model for the full data conditional distribution of the event time given the covariates.
dat.est	data frame that contains the subjects for which the estimated conditional CDF is computed.
time.eval	vector of time points at which the conditional CDF is evaluated.
model	method used to estimate the conditional CDF. The options available are "Cox" and "spline", corresponding to Cox proportional hazards regression using func- tion coxph() from R package 'survival', and the hazard model with penalized splines using function survPen() from R package 'survPen', respectively.
time.name	name of the event time variable.
Q.name	name of the left truncation time variable.
event.name	name of the event indicator.
cov.names	vector of the names of covariates.
trim	constant for bounding the estimated conditional CDF from 0.
weights	vector of case weights.
formula.survPen	
	the formula when applying the hazard model with penalized splines imple- mented in survPen::survPen.

Value

G_est() returns a matrix of the estimated conditional CDF for subjects in 'data.est' evaluated at the time points in the vector 'time.eval'. Each row corresponds to a subject and each column corresponds to a time point. The column names of the matrix are the times in 'time.eval'.

See Also

F_est

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simu

Examples

data("simu")
v = c(0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3)
Gvz.mx = G_est(simu, simu[1:10,], v, "Cox", "time", "Q", "delta", c("Z1","Z2"))

simu

A Simulated Data Set under Left Truncation but No Right Censoring

Description

A simulated data set under left truncation but no right censoring. The left truncation time and the event time are dependent via the two covariates 'Z1' and 'Z2'. Under the data generating mechanism, the conditional distribution of the event time given covariates follows a Cox proportional hazards model in the full data, and the conditional distribution of the left truncation time given covariates follows a Cox proportional hazards model on the reversed time scale in the full data. The truncation rate is 29.5%; and the truth $P^*(T > 3) = 0.5755753$.

Usage

data(simu)

Format

A data frame with 500 subjects (rows) and 5 variables (columns).

time the event time

Q the left truncation time

delta the event indicator

Z1 a continous covariate

Z2 a binary covariate

Source

Simulated

Examples

data(simu)

simu_c1

A Simulated Data Set under Left Truncation and Right Censoring where Censoring can be before Truncation

Description

A simulated data set under left truncation and right censoring where censoring can be before left truncation. The left truncation time and the event time are dependent via the two covariates 'Z1' and 'Z2'. Under the data generating mechanism, the conditional distribution of the censored event time X given covariates follows a Cox proportional hazards model in the full data, and the conditional distribution of the left truncation time given covariates follows a Cox proportional hazards model on the reversed time scale in the full data. The truncation rate is 29.5%; the censoring rate is 16.5%; $P^*(C < Q) = 0.6057$; and the truth $P^*(T > 3) = 0.623955$.

Usage

```
data(simu_c1)
```

Format

A data frame with 500 rows and 5 variables.

X the censored event time X = min(T,C)

Q the left truncation time

delta the event indicator

Z1 a continous covariate

Z2 a binary covariate

Source

Simulated

Examples

data(simu_c1)

simu_c2

A Simulated Data Set under Left Truncation and Right Censoring where Censoring is always after Truncation

Description

A simulated data set under left truncation and right censoring where censoring is always after left truncation. The left truncation time and the event time are dependent via two covariates 'Z1' and 'Z2'. Under the data generating mechanism, the conditional distributions of the event time given covariates follows a Cox model in the full data, and the conditional distribution of the left truncation time given covariates follows a Cox model on the reversed time scale in the full data. The truncation rate is 29.5%; the censoring rate is 27.1%; and the truth $P^*(T > 3) = 0.576547$.

Usage

data(simu_c2)

Format

A data frame with 500 rows and 5 variables.

X the censored event time X = min(T,C)

Q the left truncation time

delta the event indicator

Z1 a continous covariate

Z2 a binary covariate

Source

Simulated

Examples

data(simu_c2)

truncAIPW	Doubly Robust Estimation under Covariate-induced Dependent Left
	Truncation and No Censoring

Description

Doubly robust estimation for the mean of an arbitrarily transformed survival time under covariateinduced dependent left truncation and no right censoring.

Usage

truncAIPW(dat, nu, Fuz.mx, Gvz.mx, T.name, Q.name, trim = 1e-07)

Arguments

dat	data frame that contains the data for constructing the estimating equation.
nu	transformation that defines the parameter of interest.
Fuz.mx	matrix for the estimated conditional CDF of the event time given covariates. Each row corresponds to a subject, and each column corresponds to a time point. The column names of the matrix are the time points. See F_{est} for an example of computing this conditional CDF matrix.
Gvz.mx	matrix for the estimated conditional CDF of the truncation time given covariates. Each row corresponds to a subject, and each column corresponds to a time point. The column names of the matrix are the time points. See G_est for an example of computing this conditional CDF matrix.
T.name	name of the event time variable.
Q.name	name of the left truncation time variable.
trim	constant that is used to bound from below for the denominators involved in the computation.

Value

truncAIPW() returns a list of estimators ('dr', 'IPW.Q', 'Reg.T1', 'Reg.T2'), and the model-based standard errors for the 'dr' and 'IPW.Q' estimators.

dr	doubly robust estimator 'dr'.
IPW.Q	inverse probability of truncation weighted estimator 'IPW.Q'.
Reg.T1	regression based estimator 'Reg.T1'.
Reg.T2	regression based estimator 'Reg.T2'.
SE_dr	standard error of the 'dr' estimator based on the efficient influence function.
SE_IPW.Q	standard error of the 'IPW.Q' estimator computed from the robust sandwich variance estimator assuming the truncation weights are known.

References

Wang, Y., Ying, A., Xu, R. (2022) "Doubly robust estimation under covariate-induced dependent left truncation" <arXiv:2208.06836>.

See Also

See truncAIPW_cen1, truncAIPW_cen2 for the estimations also under noninformative right censoring. See F_est, G_est for examples of computing the input matrices for the conditional CDF's.

truncAIPW_cen1

Examples

```
data("simu")
nu <- function(t){ return(as.numeric(t>3)) }
u = c(min(simu$time)-1e-10, sort(simu$time), max(simu$time)+1e-10)
v = c(min(simu$Q)-1e-10, sort(simu$Q), max(simu$Q)+1e-10)
Fuz.mx = F_est(simu, simu, u, "Cox", "time", "Q", "delta", c("Z1", "Z2"))
Gvz.mx = G_est(simu, simu, v, "Cox", "time", "Q", "delta", c("Z1", "Z2"))
est = truncAIPW(simu, nu, Fuz.mx, Gvz.mx, "time", "Q", trim = 1e-7)
est
```

truncAIPW_cen1	Doubly Robust Estimation under Covariate-induced Dependent Left
	Truncation and Noninformative Right Censoring where Censoring can
	be before Left Truncation

Description

Doubly robust estimation of the mean of an arbitrarily transformed survival time under covariateinduced dependent left truncation and noninformative right censoring where censoring can be before left truncation. Inverse probability of censoring weighting is used to handle the right censoring.

Usage

```
truncAIPW_cen1(
   dat,
   nu,
   Fuz.mx,
   Gvz.mx,
   Sc,
   X.name,
   Q.name,
   status.name,
   trim = 1e-07
)
```

Arguments

dat	data frame that contains the data for constructing the estimating equation.
nu	transformation that defines the parameter of interest.
Fuz.mx	matrix for the estimated conditional CDF of the event time given covariates. Each row corresponds to a subject, and each column corresponds to a time point. The column names of the matrix are the time points. See F_est for an example of computing this input matrix for the conditional CDF.
Gvz.mx	matrix for the estimated conditional CDF of the truncation time given covariates. Each row corresponds to a subject, and each column corresponds to a time point. The column names of the matrix are the time points. See G_est for an example of computing this input matrix for the conditional CDF.

Sc	a function for the censoring survival curve $S_c(\cdot)$.
X.name	name of the censored event time variable $X = min(T, C)$.
Q.name	name of the left truncation time variable.
status.name	name of the event time indicator.
trim	constant that is used to bound from below for the denominators involved in the computation.

Value

truncAIPW_cen1() returns a list of estimators ('dr', 'IPW.Q', 'Reg.T1', 'Reg.T2').

dr	doubly robust estimator 'dr'.
IPW.Q	inverse probability of truncation weighted estimator 'IPW.Q'.
Reg.T1	regression based estimator 'Reg.T1'.
Reg.T2	regression based estimator 'Reg.T2'.

References

Wang, Y., Ying, A., Xu, R. (2022) "Doubly robust estimation under covariate-induced dependent left truncation" <arXiv:2208.06836>.

See Also

See also truncAIPW for estimation under no censoring, and truncAIPW_cen2 for estimation under another type of noninformative right censoring. See also F_est, G_est as examples for computing the input matrices of the conditional CDF's.

Examples

```
library(survival)
data("simu_c1")
simu_c1$delta.1 = 1
nu <- function(t){ return(as.numeric(t>3)) }
u = c(min(simu_c1$X)-1e-10, sort(simu_c1$X), max(simu_c1$X)+1e-10)
v = c(min(simu_c1$Q)-1e-10, sort(simu_c1$Q), max(simu_c1$Q)+1e-10)
Fuz.mx = F_est(simu_c1, simu_c1, u, "Cox", "X", "Q", "delta.1", c("Z1", "Z2"))
Gvz.mx = G_est(simu_c1, simu_c1, v, "Cox", "X", "Q", "delta.1", c("Z1", "Z2"))
# KM curve for Sc
kmfit.C = survfit(Surv(Q, X, 1-delta)~1, data = simu_c1, type = "kaplan-meier")
Sc = stepfun(kmfit.C$time, c(1, kmfit.C$surv))
est = truncAIPW_cen1(simu_c1, nu, Fuz.mx, Gvz.mx, Sc, "X", "Q", "delta", trim = 1e-7)
est
```

truncAIPW_cen2

Doubly Robust Estimation under Covariate-induced Dependent Left Truncation and Noninformative Right Censoring where Censoring is always after Left Truncation

Description

Doubly robust estimation of the mean of an arbitrarily transformed survival time under covariateinduced dependent left truncation and noninformative right censoring where censoring is always after left truncation. Inverse probability of censoring weighting is used to handle the right censoring.

Usage

```
truncAIPW_cen2(
   dat,
   nu,
   Fuz.mx,
   Gvz.mx,
   wd,
   X.name,
   Q.name,
   status.name,
   trim = 1e-07
)
```

Arguments

dat	data frame that contains the data for constructing the estimating equation.
nu	transformation that defines the parameter of interest.
Fuz.mx	matrix for the estimated conditional CDF of the event time given covariates. Each row corresponds to a subject, and each column corresponds to a time point. The column names of the matrix are the time points. See F_est for an example of computing this input matrix for the conditional CDF.
Gvz.mx	matrix for the estimated conditional CDF of the truncation time given covariates. Each row corresponds to a subject, and each column corresponds to a time point. The column names of the matrix are the time points. See G_est for an example of computing this input matrix for the conditional CDF.
wd	vector for the inverse probability of residual censoring weights $\Delta/\hat{S}_D(X-Q)$.
X.name	name of the censored event time variable $X = min(T, C)$.
Q.name	name of the left truncation time variable.
status.name	name of the event time indicator.
trim	constant that is used to bound from below for the denominators involved in the computation.

Value

truncAIPW_cen2() returns a list of estimators ('dr', 'IPW.Q', 'Reg.T1', 'Reg.T2').

dr	doubly robust estimator 'dr'.
IPW.Q	inverse probability of truncation weighted estimator 'IPW.Q'.
Reg.T1	regression based estimator 'Reg.T1'.
Reg.T2	regression based estimator 'Reg.T2'.

References

Wang, Y., Ying, A., Xu, R. (2022) "Doubly robust estimation under covariate-induced dependent left truncation" <arXiv:2208.06836>.

See Also

See also truncAIPW for estimation under no censoring, and truncAIPW_cen1 for estimation under another type of noninformative right censoring. See also F_est, G_est as examples for computing the input matrices of the conditional CDF's.

Examples

```
library(survival)
data("simu_c2")
nu <- function(t){ return(as.numeric(t>3)) }
u = c(min(simu_c2$X)-1e-10, sort(simu_c2$X), max(simu_c2$X)+1e-10)
v = c(min(simu_c2$Q)-1e-10, sort(simu_c2$Q), max(simu_c2$Q)+1e-10)
kmfit.D = survfit(Surv(X-Q, 1-delta)~1, data = simu_c2, type = "kaplan-meier")
Sd = stepfun(kmfit.D$time, c(1, kmfit.D$surv))
wd = rep(0, nrow(simu_c2))
wd[which(simu_c2$delta == 1)] = 1/Sd(simu_c2$X - simu_c2$Q)[which(simu_c2$delta == 1)]
simu_c2$wd = wd
simu_c2.1 = simu_c2[simu_c2$delta==1,]
wd_1 = simu_c2.1$wd
Fuz.mx = F_est(simu_c2, simu_c2, u, "Cox", "X", "Q", "delta", c("Z1","Z2"))
Gvz.mx = G_est(simu_c2.1, simu_c2, v, "Cox", "X", "Q", "delta", c("Z1", "Z2"), weights = wd_1)
est = truncAIPW_cen2(simu_c2, nu, Fuz.mx, Gvz.mx, wd, "X", "Q", "delta", trim = 1e-7)
est
```

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